# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE – STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT – ARKANSAS HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACE

**Annual Financial Report** 

June 30, 2023



LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE

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Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair  $\bigcirc$ 

Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

## LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

## Independent Auditor's Report

Department of Commerce – State Insurance Department – Arkansas Health Insurance Marketplace Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the major fund of the Department of Commerce – State Insurance Department – Arkansas Health Insurance Marketplace (AHIM), a division within a department of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise AHIM's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of AHIM as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of AHIM, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As indicated above, the financial statements of AHIM are intended to present the financial position and the changes in financial position of only that portion of the major fund of the State that is attributable to the transactions of AHIM. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Arkansas as of June 30, 2023, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about AHIM's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of AHIM's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about AHIM's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires that a Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement government-wide financial statements. However, as discussed in the "Emphasis of Matter" paragraph above, the financial statements of AHIM are only for the specific transactions and activity of AHIM and not for the State as a whole. Therefore, the Management's Discussion and Analysis is not required to be presented for AHIM individually. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the omission of this information.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 29, 2024, on our consideration of AHIM's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of AHIM's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering AHIM's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

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Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas February 29, 2024 SA1046223



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair

Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

## LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Department of Commerce – State Insurance Department – Arkansas Health Insurance Marketplace Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Department of Commerce – State Insurance Department – Arkansas Health Insurance Marketplace (AHIM) (the "Agency"), a division within a department of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise AHIM's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 29, 2024.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-417, all reports presented to the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee are matters of public record, and distribution is not limited.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Tom Bulligh

Tom Bullington, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas February 29, 2024

Exhibit A

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE – STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT – ARKANSAS HEALTH INSURNACE MARKETPLACE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,756,464
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable - vendors	\$	26,240
Fund balance:		
Assigned for:		
Operation of the marketplace		3,730,224
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,756,464

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE – STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT – ARKANSAS HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	
REVENUES		
Federal grants and reimbursements	\$	156,652
EXPENDITURES		
Communication and transportation of commodities		71
Professional services		477,140
Commodities, materials, and supplies		167
Refunds, taxes, and claims		539
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		477,917
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(321,265)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(321,265)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		4,051,489
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	3,730,224

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE – STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT ARKANSAS HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity/History

Act 1500 of 2013 created a nonprofit legal entity to be known as the Arkansas Health Insurance Marketplace (AHIM) to manage and implement a state-based health exchange in Arkansas in accordance with state and federal law. The Act established a nine-member Board of Directors consisting of three members each appointed by the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives.

In September 2014, the Board voted to operate a state-run Small Business Health Options Program (SHOP) in 2015 for coverage to begin January 1, 2016. AHIM's sole insurance provider for SHOP no longer accepted enrollments for coverage beginning January 1, 2018. The Board also voted to operate a state-run individual market health insurance exchange in 2016 for coverage beginning January 1, 2017.

Act 107 of 2019 abolished the AHIM Board and transferred all of its powers, duties, functions, records, contracts, property, unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds to the State Insurance Department.

Act 910 of 2019 became effective on July 1, 2019, and placed the State Insurance Department within the newly created cabinet-level Department of Commerce. The Secretary of the Department of Commerce shall delegate the authority to hire and provide consultation to the Commissioner of the State Insurance Department.

B. Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for purposes of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following types of funds, if applicable to this Agency, are recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – General Fund is the general operating fund and is used to report all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Financial statements for governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities (i.e., 45 days). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis when the related fund liability is incurred. Revenues from federal grants and federal reimbursements are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements and the availability criteria of 45 days have been met. The economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting are used in all Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred.

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE – STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT ARKANSAS HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, imprest accounts, cash on hand, cash in State Treasury, all certificates of deposit with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less, and all short-term instruments with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less. All short-term investments are stated at fair value.

E. Deposits and Investments

#### State Board of Finance Policies

Ark. Code Ann. § 19-4-805 requires that agencies holding monies not deposited in the State Treasury, other than the institutions of higher learning, abide by the recommendations of the State Board of Finance. The State Board of Finance promulgated cash management, collateralization, and investments policies and procedures, effective July 14, 2012, as referenced in the Financial Management Guide issued by the Department of Finance and Administration for use by all state agencies.

The stated goal of state cash management is the protection of principal, while maximizing investment income and minimizing non-interest earning balances. Deposits are to be made within the borders of the State of Arkansas and must qualify for Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) deposit insurance coverage. Policy requires a minimum of four bids to be sought on interest-bearing deposits in order to obtain the highest rate possible.

Policy states that funds are to be in transactional and non-transactional accounts as defined in the Financial Management Guide. Funds in excess of immediate expenditure requirements (excluding minimum balances) should not remain in non-interest bearing accounts.

State Board of Finance policy states that cash funds may only be invested in accounts and investments authorized under Ark. Code Ann. §§ 19-3-510, -518. All noncash investments must be held in safekeeping by a bank or financial institution. In addition, all cash funds on deposit with a bank or financial institution that exceed FDIC deposit insurance coverage must be collateralized. Collateral pledged must be held by an unaffiliated third-party custodian in an amount at least equal to 105% of the cash funds on deposit.

#### Deposits

Deposits are carried at cost and consist of cash in State Treasury totaling \$3,756,464. State Treasury Management Law governs the management of funds held in the State Treasury, and the Treasurer of State is responsible for ensuring these funds are adequately insured and collateralized.

F. Fund Equity

#### Fund Balance

In the financial statements, fund balance is reported in one of five classifications, where applicable, based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

The nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., prepaid items, inventories, long-term amount of loans and notes receivables, etc.) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of fund balance, where applicable, comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE – STATE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT ARKANSAS HEALTH INSURANCE MARKETPLACE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Fund Equity (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

*Restricted fund balance*. This classification reflects constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance.* These amounts can only be used for specific purposes according to constraints imposed by legislation of the General Assembly, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the General Assembly removes or changes the constraint by the same action that imposed the constraint.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects amounts constrained by the State's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The General Assembly has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes by legislation or approved methods of financing.

Unassigned fund balance. This amount is the residual classification for the general fund.

When more than one spendable classification is available for use, it is the State's policy to use the resources in this order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.