GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION

Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2022



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Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair



Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Independent Auditor's Report

Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the major fund of the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission, a commission of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission's departmental financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission as of June 30, 2022, the changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As indicated above, the financial statements of the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of only that portion of the major fund of the State that is attributable to the transactions of the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Arkansas as of June 30, 2022, the changes in its financial position, and budgetary comparisons for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires that a Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement government-wide financial statements. However, as discussed in the "Emphasis of Matter" paragraph above, the financial statements of the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission are only for the specific transactions and activity of the Agency and not for the State as a whole. Therefore, the Management's Discussion and Analysis is not required to be presented for the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission individually. Our opinion on the departmental financial statements is not affected by the omission of this information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Selected Information and Other General Information but does not include the departmental financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon. Our opinion on the departmental financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the departmental financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 21, 2023, on our consideration of the commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of the testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF

Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas August 21, 2023 SA0931422



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair



Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission (the "Agency"), a commission of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Governor's Mansion and Mansion Commission's departmental financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 21, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-417, all reports presented to the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee are matters of public record, and distribution is not limited.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Tom Bullyte

Tom Bullington, CPA

Deputy Legislative Auditor

August 21, 2023

Little Rock, Arkansas

GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund			
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	442,565		
Due from other state agencies		1,112		
Prepaid items:				
Repairs and servicing		793		
Other		52		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	444,522		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable:				
Vendors	\$	48,746		
Accrued payroll		37,933		
Due to other governments		4,804		
Due to other state agencies		2,528		
Unearned income		3,200		
Total Liabilities		97,211		
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable for:				
Prepaid items		845		
Unassigned		346,466		
Total Fund Balance		347,311		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	444,522		

GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund
REVENUES		
Rental income	\$	420,230
Donations		100,000
Other sales, refunds, and reimbursements		6,790
Investment income		2,925
TOTAL REVENUES		529,945
EXPENDITURES		
Salary and benefits		764,157
Communication and transportation of commodities		30,463
Printing and advertising		1,286
Repairing and servicing		257,812
Utilities and rent		142,698
Travel and subsistence		933
Professional services		8,222
Insurance and bonds		46,483
Other expenses and services		172,539
Commodities, materials, and supplies		138,339
Refunds, taxes, and claims		1,398
Capital outlay		170,188
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,734,518
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,204,573)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Interagency transfers in:		
General revenue distribution		1,200,000
Other, net		1,800
Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled		353
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1,202,153
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,420)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		349,731
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	347,311

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund							
	Budgeted Amount						Fin	iance With lal Budget
	Oı	riginal		Final		Actual		legative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>						
Rental income	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	420,230	\$	180,230
Donations	•	-,	Ť	-,	,	100,000	·	100,000
Other sales, refunds, and reimbursements						6,790		6,790
Investment income						2,925		2,925
	-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOTAL REVENUES		240,000		240,000		529,945		289,945
EXPENDITURES								
Regular salaries		686,855		598,962		570,432		28,530
Extra help		12,000		12,000		1,675		10,325
Operating expenses		501,830		491,430		434,929		56,501
Personal services matching		209,088		195,500		192,050		3,450
Professional fees and services				5,000		1,698		3,302
Capital outlay				5,400		807		4,593
Marketing and redistribution proceeds				159				159
Mansion allowance		60,000		60,000				60,000
Mansion expenses		500,000		500,000		532,927		(32,927)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1	,969,773		1,868,451		1,734,518		133,933
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1	,729,773)		(1,628,451)		(1,204,573)		423,878
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interagency transfers in:								
General revenue distribution	1	,469,773		1,469,773		1,200,000		(269,773)
Other, net		, ,		,,,,,,,,,		1,800		1,800
Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled						353		353
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	1	,469,773		1,469,773		1,202,153		(267,620)
00011020 (0020)		, 100,110		1,100,770		1,202,100		(201,020)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(260,000)		(158,678)		(2,420)		156,258
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		349,731		349,731		349,731		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	89,731	\$	191,053	\$	347,311	\$	156,258

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity/History

Ark. Code Ann. § 22-3-801 requires the State to furnish its Governor a mansion in which to reside during the term of office. The Governor's Mansion Commission, a commission of Arkansas state government, was created by Act 400 of 1973 as amended. The Commission is composed of eight members appointed by the Governor. Three members are designated at-large and serve at the pleasure of the Governor, while the other members serve a term of five years. The Director of the Department of Arkansas Heritage serves as an ex-officio, non-voting member of the Commission. Reimbursement to Commission members for meeting attendance must not exceed the rate established for state employees by state travel regulations, in accordance with Ark. Code Ann. § 25-16-901.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for purposes of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following types of funds, if applicable to this Agency, are recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – General Fund is the general operating fund and is used to report all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Financial statements for governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities (i.e., 45 days). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis when the related fund liability is incurred. Revenues from federal grants and federal reimbursements are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements and the availability criteria of 45 days have been met.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, imprest accounts, cash on hand, cash in State Treasury, all certificates of deposit with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less, and all short-term instruments with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less. All short-term investments are stated at fair value.

E. Deposits and Investments

State Board of Finance Policies

Ark. Code Ann. § 19-4-805 requires that agencies holding monies not deposited in the State Treasury, other than the institutions of higher learning, abide by the recommendations of the State Board of Finance. The State Board of Finance promulgated cash management, collateralization, and investments policies and procedures, effective July 14, 2012, as referenced in the Financial Management Guide issued by the Department of Finance and Administration for use by all state agencies.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

State Board of Finance Policies (Continued)

The stated goal of state cash management is the protection of principal, while maximizing investment income and minimizing non-interest earning balances. Deposits are to be made within the borders of the State of Arkansas and must qualify for Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) deposit insurance coverage. Policy requires a minimum of four bids to be sought on interest-bearing deposits in order to obtain the highest rate possible.

Policy states that funds are to be in transactional and non-transactional accounts as defined in the Financial Management Guide. Funds in excess of immediate expenditure requirements (excluding minimum balances) should not remain in non-interest bearing accounts.

State Board of Finance policy states that cash funds may only be invested in accounts and investments authorized under Ark. Code Ann. §§ 19-3-510, -518. All noncash investments must be held in safekeeping by a bank or financial institution. In addition, all cash funds on deposit with a bank or financial institution that exceed FDIC deposit insurance coverage must be collateralized. Collateral pledged must be held by an unaffiliated third-party custodian in an amount at least equal to 105% of the cash funds on deposit.

Deposits

Deposits are carried at cost and consist of cash in bank and cash in State Treasury totaling \$69,515 and \$372,850, respectively. State Treasury Management Law governs the management of funds held in the State Treasury, and the Treasurer of State is responsible for ensuring these funds are adequately insured and collateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository institution, the Agency will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency has adopted the State Board of Finance Policy requiring the use of depository insurance and collateralization procedures to manage the risk that deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2022, none of the Agency's bank balance of \$70,341 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Details of interfund transfers are disclosed in the financial statements.

G. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses generally represent the cost of consumable supplies on hand or unexpired services at year-end. The cost of these items is included with expenditures at the time of purchase. Prepaid expenses, as reported in the general fund financial statements, are also recorded as a nonspendable component of fund balance indicating that they do not constitute "available, spendable financial resources."

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

Fund Balance

In the financial statements, fund balance is reported in one of five classifications, where applicable, based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

The nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., prepaid items, inventories, long-term amount of loans and notes receivables, etc.) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of fund balance, where applicable, comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes according to constraints imposed by legislation of the General Assembly, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the General Assembly removes or changes the constraint by the same action that imposed the constraint.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects amounts constrained by the State's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The General Assembly has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes by legislation or approved methods of financing.

Unassigned fund balance. This amount is the residual classification for the general fund.

When more than one spendable classification is available for use, it is the State's policy to use the resources in this order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

I. Budgetary Data

The State utilizes an annual budgeting process with budget amounts initially derived from the previous fiscal year's funded allocation. In accordance with the appropriations and funding provided by the Legislature, individual state agencies have been charged with the responsibility of administering and managing their programs as authorized by the Legislature. Agencies are also charged with the responsibility of preparing an annual operations plan as a part of the budgetary process for the operation of each of their assigned programs. State law provides for the establishment of a comprehensive financial management system that includes adequate controls over receipts, expenditures, and balances of Agency funds. It is mandated that this system include a modified accrual system, conform with generally accepted governmental accounting principles, and provide a reporting system whereby actual expenditures are compared to expenditures projected in the Agency's annual operation plan.

NOTE 2: The Arkansas Governor's Mansion Association

The Arkansas Governor's Mansion Association (the "Association") is a nonprofit corporation formed in 1984 to receive contributions for use in the continued maintenance, preservation, restoration, and enhancement of the Governor's Mansion. The Association is administered and managed by 30 Directors who serve without compensation. The Chair of the Governor's Mansion Commission and the spouse of the Governor are designated as Special Directors and occupy two of the Director positions at all times. The remaining 28 Directors are appointed by the Special Directors.

The following financial information related to the Association for the year ended June 30, 2022, was compiled by a certified public accounting firm and has not been audited.

NOTE 2: The Arkansas Governor's Mansion Association (Continued)

	Ju	ne 30, 2022		Jun	e 30, 2022
Assets	\$	1,058,099	Revenues	\$	165,013
Liabilities			Expenses		116,205
Equity	\$	1,058,099	Net Income	\$	48,808

Schedule 1

GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF SELECTED INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	For the Year Ended June 30,									
			2021	2020			2019		2018	
General Fund Total Assets	\$	444,522	\$	446,118	\$	539,607	\$	399,760	\$	275,055
Total Liabilities		97,211		96,387		104,859		42,339		56,629
Total Fund Equity		347,311		349,731		434,748		357,421		218,426
Net Revenues		529,945		119,343		222,398		390,005		318,173
Total Expenditures		1,734,518		1,308,938		1,445,071		1,383,940		1,392,691
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,202,153		1,104,578		1,300,000		1,132,930		1,200,000

GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

A. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased (or leased) and in the custody of this Agency were recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase (lease inception). Assets with costs exceeding \$5,000 and an estimated useful life exceeding one year are reported at historical cost, including ancillary costs (such as professional fees and costs, freight costs, preparation or setup costs, and installation costs). Infrastructure or public domain fixed assets (such as roads, bridges, tunnels, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems) are also capitalized. Only leases in excess of \$25,000 with non-State entities were recorded in the statewide accounting system. Gifts or contributions are generally recorded in the accounts at acquisition value at the time received. Acquisition value is the market value if the Agency would have purchased the item. In accordance with current accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, general capital assets and depreciation are reported in the State's "Government-Wide" financial statements but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Depreciation is reported for proprietary fund capital assets based on a straight-line method, with no salvage value. Estimated useful lives generally assigned are as follows:

Assets:	Years
Equipment	5-20
Buildings and building improvements	20-50
Infrastructure	10-40
Land improvements	10-100
Intangibles	4-95
Other capital assets	10-15

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Retirements		Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:						
Land	\$ 90,864				\$	90,864
Improvements	2,558,909					2,558,909
Buildings	7,820,993	\$	153,250			7,974,243
Equipment	1,975,483		24,235			1,999,718
Infrastructure	639,168		34,700			673,868
Construction in progress	37,753			\$ 37,753		
Other capital assets	 120,036					120,036
Total governmental	 _		_	_		_
activities	\$ 13,243,206	\$	212,185	\$ 37,753	\$	13,417,638

B. Pension Plan

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Agency contributes to APERS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the APERS Board of Trustees. APERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual redetermination of benefit adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests with the General Assembly the legislative power to enact and amend benefit provisions of APERS as published in Chapters 2, 3, and 4 of Title 24 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. APERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System, One Union National Plaza, 124 West Capitol, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 or by calling 1-501-682-7855.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION AND MANSION COMMISSION OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

B. Pension Plan (Continued)

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS) (Continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Contributory plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. The Agency is required to contribute for all covered state employees at the rate of 15.32% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. The contribution requirements of the Agency are established and may be amended by the APERS Board of Trustees. The Agency's contributions to APERS for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$86,931, \$84,756, and \$81,893, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

C. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Arkansas State Employee Health Insurance Plan (Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Department of Transformation and Shared Services – Employee Benefits Division (DTSS-EBD) provides medical and prescription drug benefits for eligible state employees and retirees. Policies for DTSS-EBD related to medical and prescription drug plans are established by the State Board of Finance (Board) and may include ad hoc benefit changes or annual cost redeterminations. For the current year, no ad hoc or cost redetermination changes occurred. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests the General Assembly with legislative power to enact and amend duties of and benefit provisions of the Board and DTSS-EBD, respectively, as published in Subchapter 4, Chapter 5 of Title 21 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. DTSS-EBD is included in the State of Arkansas's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which includes all applicable financial information, notes, and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Department of Transformation and Shared Services, 501 Woodlane, Suite 201, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 or by calling 501-319-6565.

The Agency contributes to the Plan, a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by DTSS-EBD, on a monthly basis. The Board establishes medical and prescription drug benefits for three classes of covered individuals: active employees, terminated employees with accumulated benefits, and retires and beneficiaries. The Plan is established on the basis of a pay-as-you-go financing requirement, and no assets are accumulated in a trust, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75. The State's annual OPEB cost for the Plan is based on an actuarially-determined calculated amount made in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Employer contributions to the Plan are established by Ark. Code Ann. § 21-5-414 and may not exceed \$550 per budgeted position. Employees, retirees, and beneficiaries contribute varying amounts based on the type of coverage and inclusion of family members. Benefits for Medicare-eligible retirees are coordinated with Medicare Parts A and B, and the Plan is the secondary payer.

D. Compensated Absences - Employee Leave

Annual leave is earned by all full-time employees. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their unused accrued annual leave up to 30 days. Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates.

Sick leave is earned by all full-time employees and may be accrued up to 120 days. Compensation up to a maximum of \$7,500 for unused sick leave is payable to employees upon retirement.

Compensated absences are reported in the State's "Government-Wide" financial statements but are not reported as liabilities or expenditures in the governmental funds. However, the compensated absences payable attributable to this Agency's employee annual and sick leave as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$108,841 and \$75,729, respectively. The net changes to compensated absences payable during the year ended June 30, 2022, amounted to \$33,112.