BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022



DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lavaca, Arkansas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lavaca, Arkansas', basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statement in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and supplemental information for employer pension plans on pages 50-58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kypeysz & Associates

Przybysz & Associates, CPAs, P.C. Fort Smith, Arkansas March 6, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022					
		Governmental	Business-Type		
Assets and Deferred Outflows		Activities	Activities		Total
Current Assets	^	4 00 4 00 0	• • • • • • • • • •	•	4 000 500
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,234,886		\$	1,689,589
Certificates of deposit		743,259	480,253		1,223,512
Restricted checking and savings accounts		436,388	70,205		506,593
Restricted certificates of deposit		-	145,000		145,000
Restricted investments		-	345,577		345,577
Accounts receivable		94,526	86,565		181,091
Prepaid expenses		1,973	858		2,831
Total Current Assets		2,511,032	1,583,161		4,094,193
Capital Assets, Net		3,727,421	3,494,919		7,222,340
Total Assets		6,238,453	5,078,080		11,316,533
Deferred Outflows					
Deferred amount on refunding of debt, net of amortization		-	16,273		16,273
Deferred amounts related to pensions		111,564	52,150		163,714
Total Deferred Outflows		111,564	68,423		179,987
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	6,350,017	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	11,496,520
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	8,113		\$	62,112
Accrued interest		316	2,038		2,354
Meter deposits		-	51,415		51,415
Current maturity of long-term debt		31,083	65,000		96,083
Current portion of other long-term liabilities		-	26,820		26,820
Total Current Liabilities		39,512	199,272		238,784
Non-current Liabilities					
Long-term debt, net of unamortized bond discounts		112,089	1,364,137		1,476,226
Other long-term liabilities		-	126,386		126,386
Net pension liability		346,291	149,899		496,190
Total Non-current Liabilities		458,380	1,640,422		2,098,802
Total Liabilities		497,892	1,839,694		2,337,586
Deferred Inflows		164 750	2 400		160 014
Deferred amounts related to pensions		164,753	3,488		168,241
Total Deferred Inflows		164,753	3,488		168,241
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		3,584,249	2,364,630		5,948,879
Restricted		436,388	214,723		651,111
Unrestricted		1,666,735	723,968		2,390,703
Total Net Position		5,687,372	3,303,321		8,990,693
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position	\$	6,350,017	\$ 5,146,503	\$	11,496,520

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

								Net (Ex	kpense) Reveni	Ie				
				Program Revenues An					And Change In Net Assets					
					Operating		Capital		Business-					
		(Charges For		Grants &		Grants &	Governmental	Туре					
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total				
Governmental Activities														
Administration \$	368,452	\$	16,354	\$	-	\$	251,412	\$ (100,686) \$	- \$	(100,686)				
Police	294,293		-		16,148		-	(278,145)	-	(278,145)				
Fire	107,081		-		500		-	(106,581)	-	(106,581)				
Streets	248,465		-		-		-	(248,465)	-	(248,465)				
Criminal justice	693		2,301		-		-	1,608	-	1,608				
Interest on long-term debt	5,504		-		-		-	(5,504)	-	(5,504)				
Total Governmental Activities	1,024,488		18,655		16,648		251,412	(737,773)	-	(737,773)				
Business-Type Activities														
Water and Sewer	885,555		752,036		-		-	-	(133,519)	(133,519)				
Sanitation	126,659		150,779		-		-	-	24,120	24,120				
Total Business-Type Activities	1,012,214		902,815		-		-	-	(109,399)	(109,399)				
Total \$	2,036,702	\$	921,470	\$	16,648	\$	251,412							
Gono	ral Revenues													
	perty and real		ate taxes					133,282	-	133,282				

General Nevenues.			
Property and real estate taxes	133,282	-	133,282
State turnbacks	274,475	-	274,475
Franchise tax	117,770	-	117,770
Sales and use taxes	511,414	135,946	647,360
County road	80,101	-	80,101
Volunteer fire tax	20,909	-	20,909
Fire Act 833	15,029	-	15,029
Insurance proceeds	110,092	-	110,092
Interest income	1,076	5,671	6,747
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	26,601	(2,328)	24,273
Other	6,507	42,045	48,552
Special Items			
FSPWA fixed and variable costs	-	(21,420)	(21,420)
Transfers	(6,101)	6,101	-
Total General Revenues and Transfers	1,291,155	166,015	1,457,170
Change In Net Position	553,382	56,616	609,998
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as previously stated	5,133,990	3,426,009	8,559,999
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(179,304)	(179,304)
Net Position, Beginning of Year, restated	5,133,990	3,246,705	8,380,695
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 5,687,372	\$ 3,303,321 \$	8,990,693

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Other	Total
			Governmental	Governmental
	General	Street	Funds	Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 792,228	\$ 306,058	\$ 136,600	\$ 1,234,886
Certificates of deposit	143,259	600,000	-	743,259
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	436,388	-	-	436,388
Accounts receivable	59,603	34,731	192	94,526
Prepaid expenses	1,821	152	-	1,973
Total Assets	\$ 1,433,299	\$ 940,941	\$ 136,792	\$ 2,511,032
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 4,526	\$ 3,587	\$ -	\$ 8,113
Total Liabilities	4,526	3,587	-	8,113
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	1,821	152	-	1,973
Spendable:				
Restricted	436,388	-	-	436,388
Committed	-	-	116,883	116,883
Assigned	381,860	937,202	19,909	1,338,971
Unassigned	608,704	-	-	608,704
Total Fund Balances	1,428,773	937,354	136,792	2,502,919
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,433,299	\$ 940,941	\$ 136,792	\$ 2,511,032

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,502,919
Amounts reported for governmental <i>activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$6,356,241 and the accumulated	
depreciation is \$2,628,820.	3,727,421
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	111,564
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported as a liability in the funds.	(346,291)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(164,753)
Long-term debt plus accrued interest are not due and payable in the	
current period, and therefore are not reported as a liability in the funds. All liabilities, both due in one year and due in more than one year, are	
reported in the statement of net position.	(143,488)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,687,372

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Other	Total
		• •	0 / /	Governmental	Governmental
Revenues		General	Street	Funds	Funds
	\$	100 000 @		\$-\$	122 202
Property and real estate taxes State turnbacks	Φ	133,282 \$ 63,040	211,435	φ - φ	133,282 274,475
Franchise tax		117,770	211,435	-	274,475
Sales and use taxes		433,481	-	-	511,414
Grants		267,560	77,933	-	267,560
County road		207,300	- 80,101	-	80,101
Volunteer fire tax		-	00,101	-	
Fire Act 833		- 15,029	-	20,909	20,909
		3,797	-	-	15,029 3,797
Licenses and permits Court fines		12,557	-	- 2,301	14,858
Interest		12,557	- 856	2,301	14,656
Donations		177	650	43 500	500
Other income		- 6 507	-	500	
		6,507	-	-	6,507
Total Revenues		1,053,200	370,325	23,753	1,447,278
Expenditures					
Administration		304,340	-	-	304,340
Police		296,119	-	-	296,119
Fire		42,026	-	28,592	70,618
Streets		-	147,981	-	147,981
Criminal justice		-	-	693	693
Debt service:					
Interest		5,570	-	-	5,570
Principal		30,029	-	-	30,029
Capital outlays		75,835	318,739	-	394,574
Total Expenditures		753,919	466,720	29,285	1,249,924
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		299,281	(96,395)	(5,532)	197,354
Other Financing Sources		04.004	E 100		00 40 4
Proceeds from sale of assets		24,001	5,100	-	29,101
Insurance recoveries		110,092	-	-	110,092
Operating transfers in / (out)		(6,664)	563	-	(6,101)
Total Other Financing Sources		127,429	5,663	-	133,092
Change in Fund Balance		426,710	(90,732)	(5,532)	330,446
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,002,063	1,028,086	142,324	2,172,473
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,428,773 \$	937,354	\$ 136,792 \$	2,502,919

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022		
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	330,446
Amounts reported for governmental <i>activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds expenditures. However, in th statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimate useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital out of \$394,574 exceeds depreciation of \$235,163 during the year.	ed	159,411
Governmental funds report agency pension contributions as expenditures. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities represent a change in net positio that applies to future periods and includes the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, expected earnings on plan investment, and employer contributions that are not recognized as an outflow or inflow until a future period and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	n	
City pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	29,767 6,163	35,930
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but		,
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		30,029
In the statement of activities, total interest expense is adjusted for the change between current year and prior year accrued interest which is shown on the statement of net assets. The current year adjustment is a decrease to		22
interest expense.		66
The statement of activities reports a loss on disposal of assets which was due to disposing of fixed assets that had a book value in excess of the sales price. The book value is calculated as follows:		
Cost of assets disposed	(47,060)	
Accumulated depreciation of assets disposed	44,560	(2,500)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	553,382

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022					
		Enterpi			
Assets and Deferred Outflows	-	Water &	Sanitation	-	
Current Assets		Sewer Fund	Fund		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	454,673	\$ 30	\$	454,703
Certificates of deposit		480,253	-		480,253
Restricted checking and savings accounts		70,205	-		70,205
Restricted certificates of deposit		145,000	-		145,000
Restricted investments		345,577	-		345,577
Accounts receivable		75,204	11,361		86,565
Prepaid expenses		858	-		858
Total Current Assets		1,571,770	11,391		1,583,161
Capital Assets, Net		3,474,581	20,338		3,494,919
Total Assets		5,046,351	31,729		5,078,080
Deferred Outflows					
Deferred amount on refunding of debt, net of amortization		16,273	_		16,273
Deferred amounts related to pensions		52,150	-		52,150
Total Deferred Outflows		68,423	-		68,423
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	5,114,774	\$ 31,729	\$	5,146,503
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position					
Current Liabilities				•	
Accounts payable	\$	53,788	\$ 211	\$	53,999
Accrued interest		2,038	-		2,038
Meter deposits		51,415	-		51,415
Current maturity of long-term debt		65,000	-		65,000
Current portion of other long-term liabilities		26,820			26,820
Total Current Liabilities		199,061	211		199,272
Non-Current Liabilities					
Long-term debt, net of unamortized bond discounts		1,364,137	-		1,364,137
Other long-term liabilities		126,386	-		126,386
Net pension liability		149,899	-		149,899
Total Non-Current Liabilities		1,640,422	-		1,640,422
Total Liabilities		1,839,483	211		1,839,694
Deferred Inflows					
Deferred amounts related to pensions		3,488	_		3,488
Total Deferred Inflows		3,488			3,488
		3,400			0,400
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		2,344,292	20,338		2,364,630
Restricted		214,723	-		214,723
Unrestricted		712,788	11,180		723,968
Total Net Position		3,271,803	31,518		3,303,321
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position	\$	5,114,774	\$ 31,729	\$	5,146,503

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Water &	rise Funds Sanitation	_	
		Sewer Fund	Fund		Total
Operating Revenues					
Water sales	\$	609,269	\$-	\$	609,269
Sewer fees		116,272	-		116,272
Tap fees and service charges		26,495	-		26,495
Sanitation fees		-	135,090		135,090
Sales and use taxes		135,946	-		135,946
ABC center		-	15,689		15,689
Other revenue		42,045	-		42,045
Total Operating Revenues		930,027	150,779		1,080,806
Operating Expenses					
Water purchases		223,061	-		223,061
Contract hauler		-	124,534		124,534
Salaries		132,625	-		132,625
Payroll taxes		9,655	-		9,655
Employee benefits		33,591	-		33,591
Professional fees		14,021	-		14,021
Operating supplies		114,918	-		114,918
Recycling center expenses		-	398		398
Vehicle expense		12,707	-		12,707
Repairs and maintenance		72,702	-		72,702
Miscellaneous		138	-		138
Administrative expense		12,295	-		12,295
Utilities		32,623	-		32,623
Travel		2,748	-		2,748
Dues and licenses		11,766	-		11,766
Insurance		5,208	-		5,208
Bank and trustee fees		3,250	-		3,250
Depreciation		142,699	1,727		144,426
Total Operating Expenses		824,007	126,659		950,666
Operating Income (Loss)		106,020	24,120		130,140
Other Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest income		5,671	-		5,671
Gain (loss) on asset disposal		(2,328)	-		(2,328)
FSPWA fixed and variable costs		(21,420)	-		(21,420)
Bond issuance fees		(22,000)	-		(22,000)
Interest expense		(39,548)	-		(39,548)
Operating transfers		31,812	(25,711)	6,101
Total Other Revenues (Expenses)		(47,813)	(25,711)	(73,524)
Change In Net Position		58,207	(1,591)	56,616
Beginning of Year Net Position, as previously stated		3,392,900	33,109		3,426,009
Prior Period Adjustment		(179,304)	-		(179,304)
Beginning of Year Net Position, restated		3,213,596	33,109		3,246,705
End of Year Net Position	\$	3,271,803	\$ 31,518	\$	3,303,321

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Enterprise		
		Water &	Sanitation	
		Sewer Fund	Fund	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash receipts from customers and other sources	\$	794,234 \$	150,628 \$	944,862
Cash received from sales tax		134,895	-	134,895
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(522,697)	(124,917)	(647,614)
Cash payments to employees for services		(132,625)	-	(132,625)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		273,807	25,711	299,518
Cash Flows From Non-Capital and Related Financing Activ	vitie	S		
Transfers (to) / from other funds		31,812	(25,711)	6,101
Net Cash Provided (Used) From Non-Capital and				
Related Financing Activities		31,812	(25,711)	6,101
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Acquisition of capital assets		(399,189)	-	(399,189)
Bond issuance costs		(22,000)	-	(22,000)
Principal paid on debt		(65,000)	-	(65,000)
Interest paid on debt		(32,765)	-	(32,765)
FSPWA debt service		(26,098)	-	(26,098)
FSPWA fixed and variable costs		(21,420)	-	(21,420)
Net Cash Used For Capital and Related				(
Financing Activities		(566,472)	-	(566,472)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Purchase of certificates of deposit		(60,000)	-	(60,000)
Net investment activity		361,356	-	361,356
Interest Income		5,671	-	5,671
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		307,027	-	307,027
Increase In Cash, Cash Equivalents and				
Restricted Cash		46,174	-	46,174
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash,				
Beginning of Year		478,704	30	478,734
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, End of Year	\$	524,878 \$	30 \$	524,908
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	454,673 \$	30 \$	454,703
Restricted checking and savings accounts		70,205	-	70,205
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash	\$		30 \$	524,908

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	Ву Ор	erating Activities	5	
Operating income	\$	106,020 \$	24,120 \$	130,140
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net				
cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation		142,699	1,727	144,426
(Increase)/decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		(1,703)	(151)	(1,854)
Prepaid expenses		87	-	87
Deferred amounts related to pensions		(40,327)	-	(40,327)
Increase/(decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		26,152	15	26,167
Meter deposits		805	-	805
Net pension liability		110,718	-	110,718
Deferred amounts related to pensions		(70,644)	-	(70,644)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	273,807 \$	25,711 \$	299,518

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Lavaca, Arkansas operates under an elected Mayor/Council form of government. The City's major operations include public safety, fire protection, recreation and parks, general administrative service, and water, sewer and sanitation service.

For financial reporting purposes, conformance with the governmental accounting standards board, the City includes all funds, account groups, departments, agencies, boards, commissions and other organizations over which the City exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is derived from the governmental unit's power and includes, but is not limited to financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's more significant accounting policies are described below.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

Government-wide financial statements report information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the year. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or business-type activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or business-type activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or business-type activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or business type activity. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basic Financial Statements (continued)

Fund financial statements report information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified as governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Currently, the City has only governmental and proprietary type funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible with the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Franchise taxes, sales taxes, other taxes, charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating expenses include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental funds include the following fund types:

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). Special revenue funds consist of the street fund, local police and fire retirement system fund, voluntary fire tax fund and the criminal justice fund.

The enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the City is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The enterprise funds for the City of Lavaca, Arkansas, consists of the water and sewer revenue and operation fund, bond fund, bond depreciation fund, meter deposit fund, and sanitation fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned while expenses are recognized in the period the liability is incurred.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued the following accounting pronouncements which became effective for the City's fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of a right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The purpose of this statement is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR).

GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.* The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain pension and other post employment retirement plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements ; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 deferred compensation plans.

GASB Statement No. 98, *the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. The purpose of this statement is to establish the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR to replace the term comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees.

Implementation of these new standards did not have any impact on the City's financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have maturities that present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash including restricted cash.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable in governmental funds and governmental activities include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues, since they are usually both measurable and available. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned, only if paid within sixty days, since they would be considered both measurable and available at the fund level. Management believes that all receivables are collectible, therefore no allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary at year-end,

Proprietary type funds and business-type activities account receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not received. Proprietary fund receivables at year-end are for water and sewer sales, fees for miscellaneous services and sales and use taxes. Uncollectible accounts receivable are charged directly against earnings when they are determined to be uncollectible. Use of this method does not result in a material difference from the valuation method required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Interfund Receivables and payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds." All short-term interfund receivables and payables at year end are planned to be eliminated in the subsequent year. Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future periods are recorded as prepaid expenses using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expense in the year which services are consumed.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks, street lights, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value as of the date of the donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or capacity of the asset or materiality extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Capital assets (continued)

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land	N/A
Buildings	7 - 40 Years
Municipal complex and parks	30 Years
Park equipment and pavilion	5 - 20 Years
Water and sewer system	10 - 50 Years
Office furniture and equipment	5 - 7 Years
Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Vehicles	5 - 10 Years
ABC convenience center	7 - 15 Years
Streets and improvements	30 Years

In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets acquired are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position has a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and the reacquisition price. The City also recognizes deferred outflows of resources related to pensions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position has a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City recognizes deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

Compensated absences

It is the City's policy not to allow vacation benefits to accumulate from year to year, therefore, no provision has been made for accrual of vacation time. Unused sick pay does accumulate from year to year, however, the sick pay is nonvesting, thus is excluded from the general accrual requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Arkansas Public Employee's Retirement System, the Local Police and Fire Retirement System, and the Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund (together, the Plans) and additions to / deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position and Fund Balances

Government-Wide Statements:

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - Unrestricted net position represents net position that is not restricted because of constraints imposed by external parties or imposed by laws of other governments or related to the acquisition and construction of capital assets. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

The City does not have a policy addressing whether it considers restricted or unrestricted amounts to have been spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. City personnel decide which resources (source of funds) to use at the time expenditures are incurred. For classification of net position amounts, restricted resources are considered spent before unrestricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Net Position and Fund Balances (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

Non-spendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items, inventories, and principal (corpus) of an endowment fund.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City. The City council is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Council.

Assigned - includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by City Council action or management decision when the City Council has delegated authority.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

The City does not have a policy addressing whether it considers restricted, committed, or unassigned to have been spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes when restricted, committed and unassigned balances are available. City personnel decide which resources to use at the time the expenditures are incurred. For classification of fund balance amounts, committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. This will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (continued)

Budgetary principles

The City is required to adopt an annual budget for the ensuing fiscal year. The general, special revenue, and proprietary fund types have legally adopted budgets. From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures/expenses become appropriations to the various City departments. Throughout the fiscal year the budget was amended to add supplemental appropriations. All amendments to the budget which change the total appropriation amount for any department require City Council approval and all increases in appropriations must be accompanied by an increase in revenue sources of a like amount to maintain a balanced budget.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and major special revenue funds be presented in the basic financial statements. These statements must display original budget, amended budget and actual results.

Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by City Council-authorized adjustments during the year, which were contingent upon new or additional revenue sources. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year . Budgets are prepared in conformity with GAAP using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2. Deposits with Financial Institutions

The City does not have formal deposit and investment policies, but follows state laws and bond ordinances regarding the investment of public funds.

State statutes generally require that municipal funds be deposited in federally insured banks located in the State of Arkansas. The municipal deposits may be in the form of checking accounts, savings accounts, and time deposits. Public funds maybe invested in direct obligations of the United States of America, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States Government.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the System's deposits may not be recovered. The System follows the provisions of state law which requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or the state of Arkansas.

At December 31, 2022, the City had no deposits that were uninsured or uncollateralized. Independent third parties held securities in the City's name as collateral. The bank balances and carrying amount of the City's deposits held were as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. Deposits with Financial Institutions (continued)

Deposits (continued)

	Bank	Carrying
As of December 31, 2022	Balance	Amount
Insured	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Collateralized - held by pledging bank or pledging		
bank's trust department in the City's name	1,747,168	1,695,866
Cash on hand		316
Total	\$ 2,247,168	\$ 2,196,182

Deposits as reported in the following Statement of Net Position captions:

As Of December 31, 2022	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,689,589
Restricted checking and savings accounts	506,593
Total	\$ 2,196,182

Investments

Investments consist of certificates of deposit, and accounts established to administer the scheduled payments of principal and interest on the outstanding bonds as they become due, debt service reserves, and other accounts established with 2021 bond proceeds for construction and other cost of issuance payments. The investments are stated at fair market value which approximates cost.

As of December 31, 2022		Market	Weighted Avg. Maturity	Credit Rating
Government Money Market				
2021 Bond Construction Fund	\$	282,575	11 days	AAAm
2021 Debt Service Reserve		47,237	11 days	AAAm
2021 Bond Fund		15,260	11 days	AAAm
2021 Bond Cost of Issuance Fund		505	11 days	AAAm
Certificates of deposit		1,368,512	106 days	N/A
Total	\$	1,714,089		
Total	Ψ	1,714,003		

Investments as reported in the following Statement of Net Position captions:

As Of December 31, 2022		
Certificates of deposit	\$	1,223,512
Restricted certificates of deposit		145,000
Restricted investments		345,577
Total	\$	1,714,089
	φ	1,714,0

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. Deposits with Financial Institutions (continued)

Investments (continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk the changes in interest of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by maximizing its yield on reserve funds not needed within a three year period.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investments at December 30, 2022 are either FDIC insured, insured through the pledging of securities, or issued and guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments held by the City or by an agent of the City are in the City's name.

Fair Value Measurement

The District's investments are categorized using fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The categories are as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for identical investments in markets that are not active.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs

The following table represents the District's investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2022:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Government money market	\$ 345,577	\$-\$	- \$	345,577
Certificates of deposit	1,368,512	-	-	1,368,512
Total	\$ 1,714,089	\$-\$	- \$	1,714,089

3. Restricted Assets

The City has restricted accounts for the following:

American Rescue Plan Act grant funds - see Note 15 for eligible uses of the funds.

Depreciation accounts - restricted for the purpose of reserving funds to make necessary repairs and improvements to the water system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

3. Restricted Assets (continued)

Meter Deposit Account - restricted for repayment of customer meter deposits.

Debt Service Reserves / Bond Fund - restricted for maintaining a debt service reserve and payment of principal and interest on bonds.

Construction Fund - bond proceeds restricted for sewer improvements.

Cost of Issuance Fund - restricted for certain costs to issue 2021 Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds.

Restricted cash and cash equivalent accounts of the governmental activities funds consists of the following:

As Of December 31, 2022	
Cash and cash equivalents:	
American Rescue Plan Act grant funds	\$ 436,388
Total Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 436,388

Restricted cash and cash equivalent accounts of the proprietary funds consists of the following:

As Of December 31, 2022	
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Water and Sewer Depreciation	\$ 63,759
Meter Deposit	6,446
Total Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 70,205
Certificates of Deposit:	
Meter Deposit CD	\$ 55,000
Water and Sewer Depreciation CD	90,000
Total Restricted Certificates of Deposit	\$ 145,000
Investments:	
2021 Bond Construction Fund	\$ 282,575
2021 Debt Service Reserve	47,237
2021 Bond Fund	15,260
2021 Bond Cost of Issuance Fund	505
Total Restricted Investments	\$ 345,577

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of governmental activities consists of the following:

As of December 31, 2022	General Fund	Street Fund	Other Govt. Funds	Total Govt. Funds
Taxes	\$ 52,490 \$	17,020 \$	- \$	69,510
State turnback	4,805	17,711	-	22,516
Fines and assessments	2,308	-	192	2,500
Total	\$ 59,603 \$	34,731 \$	192 \$	94,526

Accounts receivable of business-type activities consists of the following:

As of December 31, 2022		/ater & ver Fund	Sanitation Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
User charges	\$ 5	63,477 \$	11,361	\$ 74,838
Sales tax		11,727	-	11,727
Total	\$ 5	75,204 \$	11,361	\$ 86,565

5. Property Tax

The City levies its property tax during the month of October, prior to the current fiscal year. The property tax is considered receivable on the first Monday in January of the current year and is recorded as revenue when received. The County is the collecting agent for the levy and remits the collections to the City, net of a collection fee. Taxes are delinquent after the first week in October.

The amount of property taxes the City may levy is subject to a statutory limitation by the State of Arkansas. The tax levy may not be increased except by amendment to the State Constitution.

The assessed value of the taxable property upon which property tax is levied is determined by the County Assessor. The Assessor estimates full market value of the property and applies a statutory rate of 205 to arrive at assessed value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for government activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	January 1,			December 31,
	2022	Additions	Retirements	2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 70,472	\$ -	\$ - \$	70,472
Construction in progress	-	67,097	-	67,097
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	70,472	67,097	-	137,569
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	1,213,332	-	-	1,213,332
Municipal complex and parks	310,374	-	-	310,374
Park equipment and pavilion	586,876	-	-	586,876
Office furniture and equipment	48,183	-	-	48,183
Equipment	708,682	21,395	-	730,077
Vehicles	327,981	32,696	47,060	313,617
Streets and improvements	2,742,827	273,386	-	3,016,213
Total capital assets, being depreciated	5,938,255	327,477	47,060	6,218,672
Total capital assets	6,008,727	394,574	47,060	6,356,241
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	441,407	40,323	-	481,730
Municipal complex and parks	196,774	10,346	-	207,120
Park equipment and pavilion	224,165	25,166	-	249,331
Office furniture and equipment	47,118	581	-	47,699
Equipment	603,043	22,058	-	625,101
Vehicles	156,446	44,502	44,560	156,388
Streets and improvements	769,264	92,187	-	861,451
Total accumulated depreciation	2,438,217	235,163	44,560	2,628,820
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,500,038	92,314	2,500	3,589,852
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 3,570,510	\$ 159,411	\$ 2,500 \$	3,727,421

Construction in progress of \$67,097 at December 31, 2022 is for two projects. The first project is to repair and replace the floor at the fire department. This project was completed in January 2023 at a total cost of \$160,143. The second project is to purchase and install back up generators at existing sewer lift stations. This project is in the design phase and the total cost, including necessary site improvements for project to succeed, is approximately \$300,000. Both projects are being funded using ARPA funds received (see Note 15).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

6. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

Administration	\$ 66,227
Police	26,203
Fire	42,639
Streets	100,094
Total depreciation for governmental activities	\$ 235,163

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2022, are as follows:

		January 1,				December 31,
		2022		Additions	Retirements	2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated						
Land	\$	12,886	\$	-	\$-	\$ 12,886
Construction in progress		532,098		399,189	-	931,287
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		544,984		399,189	-	944,173
Capital assets, being depreciated						
Building		39,204		-	-	39,204
Municipal complex		70,808		-	-	70,808
Water and sewer system		4,728,963		-	-	4,728,963
Equipment		127,429		-	-	127,429
Vehicles		72,380		-	9,314	63,066
ABC convenience center		44,394		-	-	44,394
Total capital assets, being depreciated		5,083,178		-	9,314	5,073,864
Total capital assets		5,628,162		399,189	9,314	6,018,037
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Building		17,458		1,139	-	18,597
Municipal complex		47,598		2,361	-	49,959
Water and sewer system		2,147,241		119,504	-	2,266,745
Equipment		102,249		8,211	-	110,460
Vehicles		29,826		12,613	6,985	35,454
ABC convenience center		41,305		598	-	41,903
Total accumulated depreciation		2,385,677		144,426	6,985	2,523,118
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		2,697,501		(144,426)	2,329	2,550,746
Total Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$	3,242,485	\$		\$ 2,329	\$ 3,494,919
assels, 1101	φ	5,242,400	φ	204,100	ψ 2,329	ψ 3,494,918

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

6. Changes In Capital Assets (continued)

For business-type activities, construction in progress of \$931,287 at December 31, 2022 is for the Highway 96 Sewer project. This project will replace the existing concrete sewer main with new sanitary sewer lines, including manholes and service connections. The total estimated cost of the project is approximately \$1.2 million and is being funded with the proceeds of the 2021 Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds that were issued August 16, 2021. The City is hoping to finish the project in 2023.

Depreciation expense for business-type activities totaled \$144,426 and was entirely charged to the water and sanitation department.

7. Asset Retirement Obligation

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, during the year. As asset retirement obligation (ARO) is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. Under the new accounting standard, the City must recognize an ARO when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. A liability incurred is based on the existence of external laws, regulations, contracts or court judgements and the occurrence of an internal event that obligates the City to perform asset retirement activities. The City owns and operates a lagoon system for wastewater treatment, and the existence of laws and regulations to decommission the lagoon falls within the scope of GASB 83.

The City's lagoon for wastewater treatment has been operating effectively since the 1980's and there are no existing plans to change the system. The City is not reporting an ARO on the Statement of Net Position because the City does not have an estimate of the cost to discontinue usage of the lagoon and the life expectancy of the lagoon is indeterminate. An ARO will be recorded if future events warrant a change.

8. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities - Long-term debt consists of:

First National Bank - loan dated August 15, 2017 for the construction of a new police station, in the amount of \$279,253. Monthly payments of interest only at 3.5% until February 15, 2018. Monthly payments of \$2,967 thereafter of principal and interest until final payment on May 15, 2027. The note is secured by the new	
police station which has a carrying value of \$405,074 at December 31, 2022.	\$ 143,172
Total	143,172
Less: current maturities	31,083
Long-term debt, net	\$ 112,089

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Debt is scheduled to be repaid as follows:

December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 31,083	\$ 4,516	\$ 35,599
2024	32,188	3,411	35,599
2025	33,333	2,266	35,599
2026	34,519	1,080	35,599
2027	12,049	90	12,139
Total	\$ 143,172	\$ 11,363	\$ 154,535

In the event of loan default, the bank has several remedies including that the outstanding principal and interest become immediately due and payable.

Business-Type Activities -

On August 16, 2021, the City issued \$1,500,000 Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds. The bonds were issued for capital improvements and to refund the 2012 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds that had an outstanding balance of \$440,000. The City defeased these bonds by placing proceeds of the new bond plus existing bond and debt service reserves totaling \$445,399 in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The 2012 bonds were called on September 14, 2021. The bond issue extended the debt obligations of the City from 2037 to 2041.

Long-term debt consists of:

Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2021, dated August 16, 2021, in the amount of \$1,500,000. Principal payments are made in annual installments ranging from \$65,000 in 2022 to \$90,000 in 2041. Semi-annual interest payments are made with rates varying from 0.50% to 2.25%. The bonds are secured by revenues of the system with final maturity on	
November 1, 2041.	\$ 1,435,000
Total	1,435,000
Less: current maturities	65,000
Less: unamortized discount on 2012 Series bond	5,863
Long-term debt, net	\$ 1,364,137

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Debt is scheduled to be repaid as follows:

December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 65,000	\$ 24,456 \$	89,456
2024	65,000	24,131	89,131
2025	70,000	23,644	93,644
2026	70,000	23,119	93,119
2027	70,000	22,331	92,331
2028-2032	360,000	97,488	457,488
2033-2037	390,000	63,512	453,512
2038-2041	345,000	19,575	364,575
Total	\$ 1,435,000	\$ 298,256 \$	1,733,256

If there is any default in the payment of principal or interest on any of the bonds, the Trustee may appoint a receiver to administer the water and sewer system on behalf of the City until all defaults have been cured.

9. Deferred Loss on Refunding / Bond Discount

The deferred loss on refunding incurred with the 2021 bond issuance results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price and is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance is \$16,273 on December 31, 2022, and is reflected on the Statement of Net Position as deferred outflows. Amortization of the deferred loss totaled \$3,488 for the year ended December 31, 2022 and is included with interest expense on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Bond discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bond issue using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the discount. Amortization of the discount totaled \$1,256 for the year ended December 31, 2022 and is included with interest expense on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

10. Rate Covenant

The Trust Indenture of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas, Water and Sewer Refunding and Improvement Revenues Bonds - Series 2021 require the City to maintain their water rates at an amount sufficient to pay all operation, repair and maintenance expenses and leave a balance equal to 120% of the maximum annual debt service requirements for all outstanding obligations of the water and sewer system, maintain specific restricted cash accounts and to meet various other general requirements. The City was in compliance with all such significant financial covenants and restrictions for the year ending December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

11. Other Long-Term Liabilities - FSPWA Interlocal Agreement / Prior Period Adjustment

On December 29, 2009, the City entered into an Interlocal Agreement with the Franklin and Sebastian Public Water Authority (FSPWA), the RiverSouth Rural Water District, and the City of Charleston, Arkansas (user parties). All parties under the agreement desired to participate in the acquisition, construction, and equipping of a potable water transmission line, pump stations, water storage devices, and a potable connection and master meter with the waterworks system of the City of Fort Smith, Arkansas. Under the agreement, FSPWA agreed to acquire, construct, equip, operate and maintain the project and purchase and sell water to the City and user parties upon the projects completion. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City made water purchases from FSPWA totaling \$223,060.

The agreement also states that FSPWA retains all rights, title and interest of the project. All equipment necessary to the operation and maintenance thereof shall be owned and operated by FSPWA as a water source for the City and user parties. The City and user parties agreed to construct, equip, and finance one or more master meters to connect to the project. The City and user parties also agreed to pay a share of all fixed and variable costs for the operation of FSPWA. The City's share of these costs is 35%. The City paid \$21,420 of fixed and variable costs to FSPWA during the year ended December 31, 2022.

Under a separate agreement, the City and user parties agreed to pay a portion of the principal and interest on a FSPWA loan totaling \$1,130,000. The loan bears interest at 2.75% and matures in June 2028. The City's share of the loan is 35% and the required monthly payment to FSPWA under this agreement is \$2,571. The City's portion owed on this debt was \$153,206 at December 31, 2022. The City paid \$26,098 towards principal and \$4,750 of interest on the loan during the year ended December 31, 2022.

December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 26,820	\$ 4,030	\$ 30,850
2024	27,563	3,287	30,850
2025	28,326	2,524	30,850
2026	29,111	1,739	30,850
2027	29,917	933	30,850
2028	11,469	158	11,627
Total	\$ 153,206	\$ 12,671	\$ 165,877

The City's share of debt is scheduled to be repaid as follows:

In addition, the City provides clerical services and operations and maintenance support for the FSPWA. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the City received \$23,532 for services provided.

The City recorded a prior period adjustment to reflect the balance owed on the debt at January 1, 2022. The effect of this adjustment was to increase other long-term liabilities and decrease net position by \$179,304.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

12. Activity of Long-Term Liabilities:

Activity for long term debt and other non-current liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		January 1,	A 1 11/1	D I <i>I</i>	[December 31	,	Due Within
		2022	Additions	Reductions		2022		One Year
Governmental activitie	s:							
First National Bank	\$	173,201	\$ -	\$ 30,029	\$	143,172	\$	31,083
Net pension liability		356,279	-	9,988		346,291		-
Total	\$	529,480	\$ -	\$ 40,017	\$	489,463	\$	31,083
Business-type activitie	s							
2021 Series Refundi	ng							
Bonds	\$	1,500,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$	1,435,000	\$	65,000
FSPWA		179,304	-	26,098		153,206		26,820
Net pension liability		39,181	110,718	-		149,899		-
Total	\$	1,718,485	\$ 110,718	\$ 91,098	\$	1,738,105	\$	91,820

13. Fund Balances

The following is a summary of the Governmental Fund fund balances of the City at December 31, 2022:

General Fund	
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$ 1,821
Restricted: American Rescue Plan Act grant funds	436,388
Assigned:	
Public safety - Police	289,360
Public safety - Fire	92,500
Total Assigned	381,860
Unassigned	608,704
Total General Fund fund balance	 1,428,773
Street Fund	
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	152
Assigned: Street repair and replacement	937,202
Total Street Fund fund balance	 937,354
Other Governmental Funds	
Committed: Purchase of equipment, training costs, capital	
expenditures, equipment testing, etc.	116,883
Assigned: Payment of jail fees and other expenditures	19,909
Total Other Governmental Funds fund balance	136,792
Total Governmental fund balance	\$ 2,502,919
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

14. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to fund operations in various accounts. The composition of interfund transfers as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Transfers	In	Transfers Ou	t	Net Transfers
Governmental Activities					
General Fund \$	-	9	6,664	\$	(6,664)
Street Fund	563	3	-		563
Other Governmental Funds - Volunteer Fire Tax Fund			-		-
Business-Type Activities					
Water & Sewer Fund	31,812	2	-		31,812
Sanitation Fund	-		25,711		(25,711)
Total \$	32,375	5 \$	32,375	\$	-

15. American Rescue Plan Act Grant

The City has received a total of \$502,828 under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) enacted by Congress to provide additional funding for state and local governments. \$251,412 was received during the year ended December 31, 2022. Eligible uses of the funds include the following: revenue replacement for the provision of government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, relative to revenues collected in the most recent fiscal year prior to the emergency; COVID-19 expenditures or negative economic impacts of COVID-19, including assistance to small businesses, households, and hard-hit industries, and economic recovery; premium pay for essential workers; investments in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. The City spent \$54,440 of the funds during the year ended December 31, 2022 (see Note 6). The unspent proceds totaling \$436,388 is reflected as restricted cash and restricted net position on the Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2022.

16. Retirement Plans

The City of Lavaca, Arkansas participates in three defined benefit pension plans; which are comprised of one agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan and two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, each of which are described in detail below. Aggregate amounts for the three pension plans are as follows:

		APERS	LOPFI	FRFP	Total
Net pension liability	\$	250,082 \$	215,271 \$	30,837 \$	496,190
Deferred outflows of resources		71,997	47,051	1,090	120,138
Deferred outflows of resources					
contributions		15,581	20,907	7,088	43,576
Deferred inflows of resources		5,819	153,583	8,839	168,241
Pension expense		28,457	8,472	11,841	48,770
The City had no pension contribution liabil	ities r	ecorded at Deo	cember 31, 2022		24

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension items listed above for Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS) Plan have been allocated between governmental activities and business-type activities on the basis of total salaries.

Pension items listed above for Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System Plan (LOPFI) and Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund (FRFP) Plan have been recorded in governmental activities.

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement Systems (APERS)

Plan Description

The City participates in the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement Systems (APERS). APERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit plan which covers all State employees who are not covered by another authorized plan. The plan was established by the authority of the Arkansas General Assembly with passage of Act 177 of 1957. The costs of administering the plan are paid out of investment earnings.

The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the System is vested in the thirteen members of the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (the Board). Membership includes: three state and three non-state employees, all appointed by the Governor, three ex-officio trustees, including the Auditor of the State, the Treasurer of the State and the Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, and four additional board positions that were added in Act 868 of the 2021 State of Arkansas legislative session. All of these four positions are appointed by the State of Arkansas Legislature. Two of these positions represent retirees with one being appointed by the House of Representatives and the other appointed by the House of Representatives and th

The state of Arkansas issues an annual report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for APERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System, One Union National Plaza, 124 West Capitol, Suite 400, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions are set forth in Arkansas Code Annotated, Title 24, Chapters 5 and 6 and may only be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. APERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as a percentage of the member's highest 3-year average compensation times the member's years of service. The percentage used is based upon whether a member is contributory or non-contributory as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Contributory, prior to 7/1/2005	2.07%
Contributory, on or after 7/1/2005, but prior to 7/1/2007	2.03%
Contributory, on or after 7/1/207	2.00%
Non-Contributory	1.72%

Members are eligible to retire with a full benefit under the following conditions:

at age 65 with 5 years of service,
at any age with 28 years actual service,
at age 60 with 20 years of actual service if under the old contributory plan (prior to July 1, 2005), or
at age 55 with 35 years of credited service for elected or public safety officials.

Members may retire with a reduced benefit at age 55 with at least 5 years of actual service at age 55 or at any age with 25 years of service.

Members are eligible for disability benefits with 5 years of service. Disability benefits are computed as an age and service benefit, based on service and pay at disability. Death benefits are paid to a surviving spouse as if the member had 5 years of service and the monthly benefit is computed as if the member had retired and elected the Joint & 75% Survivor option. A cost-of-living adjustment of 3% of the current benefit is added each year.

Several benefit changes were made in the 2021 legislative session. These changes only apply to newly hired employees on or after July 1, 2022. Act 370 made the final average compensation for the retirement benefit calculation to be the average of the five highest annual compensations. Act 366 made the annual cost-of-living adjustment to be the lesser of 3% or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are set forth in Arkansas Code Annotated, Title 24, Chapter 4. The contributions are expected to be sufficient to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year and make a level payment that, if paid annually over a reasonable period of future years, will fully cover the unfunded costs of benefit commitments for services previously rendered (A.C.A. 24-2-701)(a)). Members who began service prior to July 1, 2005 are not required to make contributions to APERS. Members who began service on or after July 1, 2005 are required to contribute 5% of their salary. Act 365 of the 2021 regular legislative session put in place annual increases of .25% to this employee contribution rate beginning July 1, 2022 and continuing each year up to a mamimum rate of 7%. Employers are required to contribute at a rate established by the Board of Trustees of APERS based on an actuary's determination of a rate required to fund the plan (A.C.A. 24-2-701(c)(3)). Employers contributed 15.32% of compensation for the APERS fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In some cases, an additional 2.5% of member and employer contributions are required for elected officials.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Contributions made by the City were \$29,767 during the year ended December 31, 2022.

APERS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about APERS's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued APERS Financial Report available at http://www.apers.org/annualreports.

Timing of the Valuation

The collective Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Each employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating employers. Based on this information, the City's proportionate share as of June 30, 2022 was 0.00927472%.

There were no changes between the measurement date of June 30, 2022 and the City's report ending date of December 31, 2022, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Discount Rate Wage Inflation Rate Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Mortality Rate Table	Entry Age Normal 7.15% 3.25% 3.25% – 9.85% 7.15% RP-2006 weighted generational mortality tables for healthy annuitant, disability, or employee death in service, as applicable. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017, and were applied to all prior periods included in the measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the APERS target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the table below:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Allocation	Target	Rate of Return
Broad Domestic Equity	37%	6.22%
International Equity	24%	6.69%
Real Assets	16%	4.81%
Absolute Return	5%	3.05%
Domestic Fixed	18%	0.57%
	100%	_
		-
Total Real Rate of Return		4.93%
Plus: Price Inflation - Actuary's Assu	umption	2.50%
Net Expected Return		7.43%

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the June 30, 2022 valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.15%; the municipal bond rate is 3.69% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.15%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Single Discount Rate (continued)

The single discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Single Discount Rate

	19	1% Decrease Current Rate			1% Increase	
		6.15%		7.15%	_	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	397,585	\$	250,082	\$	128,305

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's proportionate share of pension expense was \$28,457 for the year ended December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following resources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	6,003 \$	3,019
Changes in assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		52,755	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		13,239	2,800
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		15,581	-
Total	\$	87,578 \$	5,819

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$15,581 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023, any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Increase in
Year ended December 31,	Pension Expense
2023	\$ 15,060
2024	10,554
2025	3,772
2026	36,792
	\$ 66,178

Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI) (the New Plan) <u>Plan Description</u>

The Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI) is a state-wide cost sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by the LOPFI Board of Trustees. LOPFI provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to police and fire employees of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas. LOPFI was created by Act 364 of the 1981 General Assembly. Employees hired after January 1, 1983, whose political subdivision had a retirement system in effect at July 1, 1981 are eligible to participate in the plan. LOPFI issues a publicly available report, which may be obtained by writing to LOPFI, 620 West 3rd Street, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201.

Benefits Provided

LOPFI provides for a retirement benefit paid to the member on a monthly basis. The monthly benefit is based on a formula provided by law for the member's lifetime. The member has several options in calculating the benefit, which is normally the result of these factors: age at retirement, retirement multiplier, amount of credited service (years and months), and final average pay. Each option available to the member provides for a different calculation based on these factors.

Employer Contributions

Contributions to LOPFI are made by both the member and the employers. Member contribution rates are established by the LOPFI Board of Trustees. The employer contributions are actuarially determined on an annual basis. The current employee contribution rate is 2.5% of covered payroll for policemen. The City contributed 23.5% of covered employee's salaries to the plan for policemen. The City contributed \$20,907 and \$17,326 to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Plan also receives a state insurance turnback, which amounted to \$22,646 and \$22,890 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

LOPFI Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about LOPFI's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued LOPFI Financial Report available at http://www.lopfi-prb.com.

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. For the employer's financial reporting purposes, the net pension liability and pension expense should be measured as of the pension plan's fiscal year end (measurement date) on a date that is within the employer's prior fiscal year. If the actuarial valuation used to determine the total pension liability is not calculated as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The total pension liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2021 and a measurement date of December 31, 2021.

There were no changes between the measurement date of December 31, 2021 and the City's report ending date of December 31, 2022, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed (Paid Service)
	Increasing Dollar, Closed (Volunteer Service)
Remaining Amortization	
Method	16.0 years beginning January 1, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor
Price Inflation	2.50%
Wage Inflation	3.25% (Paid Service)
	N/A (Volunteer Service)
Salary Increases	3.75% to 18.75%, including inflation (Paid Service)
	N/A (Volunteer Service)
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, as adopted by the Board
Retirement Age	Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility
	condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience
	study of the period 2012-2016
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality
	tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments
	of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully
	generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for the 10-year period were based upon capital market assumptions collected from several national investment consultants over a three-year period. The three-year average CMAM arithmetic nominal expected return is 6.98%. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	Allocation Weighted Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Stock - Large Cap	21%	4.77%	1.00%
U.S. Stock - Small Cap	21%	5.47%	1.15%
International Equity	9%	5.97%	0.54%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.33%	0.75%
U.S. Corporate Bonds	25%	0.66%	0.17%
Real Estate	5%	4.34%	0.22%
Private Equity	10%	9.05%	0.90%
Total	100%		4.73%
Expected Inflation		-	2.25%
Total Return			6.98%

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) taxexempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.00%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Single Discount Rate (continued)

The single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher:

	19	% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
		6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$	430,346 \$	215,271	\$ 42,217

Pension Expense, and Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's proportionate share of pension expense was \$8,472 for the year ended December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following resources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 26,076 \$	S 316
Changes in assumptions	5,891	5,057
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	-	126,915
Change in proportion	15,084	21,295
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	20,907	-
Total	\$ 67,958	5 153,583

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension Expense, and Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$20,907 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023, any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Net Decrease in Pension Expense
2023	\$ (18,094)
2024	(41,129)
2025	(28,403)
2026	(18,906)
	\$ (106,532)

Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund (FRPF) (the Old Plan)

Plan Description

The Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund (FRPF) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for employees of the fire department who were hired prior to January 1, 1983. The Old Plans were established in accordance with Arkansas statutes and were closed, by state law, to new employees effective January 1, 1983. The City entered into an agreement with the Arkansas local police and fire retirement system (LOPFI) whereby LOPFI assumed responsibility for administration and a portion of the obligation of the Old Plans pursuant to Act 364 of 1981, as amended, and Act 655 of 1983 of the General Assembly of Arkansas. Per the agreement between the City and LOPFI, the City will contribute and actuarially determined rate sufficient to support the current plan benefit levels and fund the Old Plan's net pension obligation over a 30 year open amortization period. The Old Plan are included in the pooled assets of the LOPFI system and a financial report that includes disclosures about the elements of the basic financial statements is available on the LOPFI's website at www.lopfi-prb.com

Benefits Provided

The FRFP provides retirement benefits for firemen who have completed 20 years of service regardless of age. Disability benefits are available to firemen who become permanently disabled, unless the disability is the direct result of gainful employment performed outside the fire department. The FRFP also provides benefits for surviving spouses and dependent children of deceased firemen. No participants' benefits vest until normal retirement age. At normal retirement age, participants may elect to continue working and enter the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) for up to five years. All fireman hired after January 1, 1983, participate in the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System created by Act 364 of 1981 and detailed in tis footnote. Therefore, the Plan is effectively closed to new members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Pension benefit provisions and all other requirements, including vesting, are established by state statute. Participants in the FRPF became eligible for membership as of their first day of employment. Members of the FRPF who retire with 20 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life equal to one-half of the participant's annual salary. Employees become vested after 20 years of service. Members with more than 25 years of service credit may be entitled to a maximum of 100% of their highest annual salary.

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees an beneficiaries	6
DROP members	N/A
Active members	-
Total	6

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for the City is actuarially determined on an annual basis. The City contributed \$7,088 and \$6,393 to the Plan for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The Plan also receives a state insurance turnback on an annual basis, which amounted to \$3,012 and \$3,604 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Timing of the Valuation

An actuarial valuation to determine the total pension liability is required to be performed at least every two years. For the employer's financial reporting purposes, the net pension liability and pension expense should be measured as of the employer's "measurement date" which may not be earlier than the employer's prior fiscal year-end date. If the actuarial valuation used to determine the total pension liability is not calculated as of the measurement date, the total pension liability is required to be rolled forward from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The total pension liability shown in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2021 and a measurement date of December 31, 2021.

There were no changes between the measurement date of December 31, 2021 and the City's report ending date of December 31, 2022, that would have had a significant impact on the net pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Method	Closed Amortization Period based on projected benefit factors
Remaining Amortization Method	5 years beginning January 1, 2021
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor (for funding purposes)
Price Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	N/A
Investment Rate of Return	n 7.50%
Retirement Age	Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012-2016
Mortality	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016
Other information	There were no benefit changes during the year

Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for the 10-year period were based upon capital market assumptions collected from several national investment consultants over a three-year period. The three-year average CMAM arithmetic nominal expected return is 6.98%. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Investment Rate of Return (continued)

		Long-Term	Allocation Weighted
	Target	Expected Real	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Stock - Large Cap	21%	4.77%	1.00%
U.S. Stock - Small Cap	21%	5.47%	1.15%
International Equity	9%	5.97%	0.54%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.33%	0.75%
U.S. Corporate Bonds	25%	0.66%	0.17%
Real Estate	5%	4.34%	0.22%
Private Equity	10%	9.05%	0.90%
Total	100%		4.73%
Expected Inflation		-	2.25%
Total Return			6.98%

Single Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects: (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement dates (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "20-Bond GO Index" rate from the Bond Buyer Index); and the resulting single discount rate is 7.00%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the City's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher:

	1%	6 Decrease	. (Current Rate		1% Increase
		6.00%		7.00%	_	8.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$	38,890	\$	30,837	\$	23,726

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

16. Retirement Plans (continued)

Pension Expense, and Deferred Inflows / Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City's pension expense was \$11,841 for the year ended December 31, 2022. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following resources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments	\$	1,090 \$	8,839
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,088	-
Total	\$	8,178 \$	8,839

\$7,088 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023, any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

024 025	Net Decrease in Pension Expense
2023	\$ (1,861)
2024	(2,951)
2025	(1,800)
2026	(1,137)
	\$ (7,749)

17. Insurance Proceeds

The City received insurance proceeds totaling \$110,092 during the year ended December 31, 2022. \$98,347 was for hail damage to three roofs that needed replacement and repair for two police vehicles. The remaining \$11,745 was to repair the Senior Center building caused by a vehicle running into the building.

18. Flexible Benefit Plan

The City offers all active full-time employees and elected City officials who receive a W-2 form the option to participate in a flexible benefit plan administered by an appointed committee. The flexible benefit plan has been established as a cafeteria plan as permitted under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, to provide for group medical/dental assistance for its eligible employees and dependents. The plan is funded solely by salary reductions as elected on a voluntary basis by participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

19. Concentrations Of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the City to credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable. The receivables consist of charges for services, property taxes and turnback funds due to the City from individuals located within the same geographic region or for economic activity occurring within the same geographic region.

20. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various levels of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance and workers compensation insurance to mitigate the risk of loss.

There has been no significant reduction in the City's insurance coverage from the previous year. In addition, there have been no settlements in excess of the City's coverage in any of the prior three fiscal years.

21. Related Party Transactions

The City conducts business with a company owned by a relative of one of the City's employees. The services performed include water leak repairs, sewer line repairs, water taps, road crossing and other miscellaneous services. The total amount paid by the City this company totaled \$28,911 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

22. Subsequent Events

The City has evaluated events and transactions for subsequent events that would impact the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 through March 6, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgete	- A	mounte				Variance With Final Budget
	-	Original	u A	Final	-	Actual		Over/(Under)
Revenues		ongina		T IIIQI		Actual		Oven(Onder)
Property and real estate taxes	\$	125,000	\$	135,000	\$	133,282	\$	(1,718)
State turnbacks		36,750		39,750		63,040	-	23,290
Franchise tax		96,000		96,000		117,770		21,770
Sales and use taxes		369,555		423,055		433,481		10,426
Grants		-		16,148		267,560		251,412
Licenses and permits		2,500		2,500		3,797		1,297
Court fines		11,000		11,000		12,557		1,557
Interest		-		-		177		177
Other income		-		-		6,507		6,507
Total Revenues		640,805		723,453		1,038,171		314,718
Expenditures								
Administration		197,995		204,315		304,340		100,025
Police		261,377		275,938		296,119		20,181
Fire		46,008		46,008		42,026		(3,982)
Debt service		35,600		35,600		35,599		(1)
Capital outlays		99,825		161,592		75,835		(85,757)
Total Expenditures		640,805		723,453		753,919		30,466
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		-		-		284,252		284,252
Other Financing Sources								
Proceeds from sale of assets		-		-		24,001		24,001
Insurance proceeds				-		110,092		110,092
Operating transfers in (out)		-		-		(6,664)		(6,664)
Total Other Financing Sources		-		-		127,429		127,429
Change in Fund Balance		-		-		411,681		411,681
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,002,063		1,002,063		1,002,063		-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,002,063	\$	1,002,063	\$	1,413,744	\$	411,681
Effects of:								
Capital assets, net						1,299,205		
Deferred outflows related to pe	nsio	n				94,520		
Long-term debt including accru						(143,487)		
Deferred inflows related to pen						(298,375)		
Net pension liability						(163,638)		
					<u> </u>	0.004.000		

Fund Balance at End of Year - GAAP basis

See independent auditor's report.

\$ 2,201,969

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - STREET FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	-	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Over/(Under)
Revenues						
State turnbacks	\$	196,000	. ,	\$	211,435 \$	3,435
Sales and use taxes		67,000	76,000		77,933	1,933
County road		75,000	81,000		80,101	(899)
Interest		850	850		856	6
Total Revenues		338,850	365,850		370,325	4,475
Expenditures						
Streets		338,850	238,850		147,981	(90,869)
Capital outlays		-	127,000		318,739	191,739
Total Expenditures		338,850	365,850		466,720	100,870
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-		(96,395)	(96,395)
Other Financing Sources						
Proceeds from the sale of assets		-	-		5,100	5,100
Operating transfers in (out)		-	-		563	563
Total Other Financing Sources		-	-		5,663	5,663
Change in Fund Balance		-	-		(90,732)	(96,395)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,028,086	1,028,086		1,028,086	-
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,028,086	\$ 1,028,086	\$	937,354 \$	(96,395)
Effects of: Capital assets, net Deferred outflows related to per Deferred inflows related to pens Net pension liability Fund Balance at End of Year - GAA	ions	sis			2,228,505 17,044 (47,916) (1,115) 3,133,872	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COST-SHARING EMPLOYER PLANS

ARKANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Ju	ne 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0927472%	().00854208%	 0.00876454%	 0.00850230%	_	0.00847094%	 0.00860168%		0.00811826%	(0.00915271%	(0.00954499%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	250,082	\$	65,674	\$ 250,980	\$ 205,120	\$	186,863	\$ 222,279	\$	194,136	\$	162,388	\$	135,435
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	189,506	\$	173,803	\$ 167,820	\$ 162,668	\$	158,669	\$ 155,036	\$	147,090	\$	159,673	\$	168,760
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll		131.97%		37.79%	149.55%	126.10%		117.77%	143.37%		131.98%		101.70%		80.25%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	41	78.31%		93.57%	75.38%	78.55%		79.59%	75.65%		75.50%		80.39%		84.15%
Schedule of Required Contribu	tions														
Contractually required	Ju	ne 30, 2022	<u> </u>	June 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	 June 30, 2019	_	June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	· -	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2014
contribution	\$	29,032	\$	26,627	\$ 25,704	\$ 24,926	\$	23,404	\$ 22,479	\$	21,328	\$	23,969	\$	25,111
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(29,032)		(26,627)	(25,704)	(24,926)		(23,404)	(22,479)		(21,328)		(23,969)		(25,111)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- :	\$	- :	\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	189,506	\$	173,803	\$ 167,820	\$ 162,668	\$	158,669	\$ 155,036	\$	147,090	\$	159,673	\$	168,760
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.32%		15.32%	15.32%	15.32%		14.75%	14.50%		14.50%		15.01%		14.88%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COST-SHARING EMPLOYER PLANS

ARKANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Notes to Required Supplemental Information for Cost-Sharing Employer Plans

- 1. The schedules are intended to show 10 years additional information will be presented as it becomes available.
- **2.** Changes in benefits:

None: June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

- June 30, 2021 valuation
- Extending the maximum time allowed in the DROP from 7 to 10 years, effective March 31, 2021
- Increasing contributory plan member contributions from 5% to 7%, in 0.25% increments, starting July 1, 2022
- For members hired on or after July 1, 2022:
- Change the final average compensation period from 3 to 5 years
- COLA increases will be the lesser of 3.0% or the increase in the Consumer Price Index
- **3.** Changes in actuarial assumptions:

э.	Changes in actualia assumptions.							
		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
	Single Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.50%
	Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.50%
	Municipal Bond Rate	3.69%	1.92%	2.45%	3.13%	3.62%	3.56%	2.85%
	Source: 20-Bond GO Index							
	Remaining Amortization Period	25 Years	26 Years	26 Years	30 Years	25 Years	25 Years	21 Years
	Inflation	3.25% wage	3.25% wage	3.25% wage	3.25% wage	3.25% wage	3.25% wage	3.25% wage
		2.50% price	2.50% price	2.50% price	2.50% price	2.50% price	2.50% price	2.50% price
	Salary Increases	3.25% - 9.85%	3.25% - 9.85%	3.25% - 9.85%	3.25% - 9.85%	3.25% - 9.85%	3.25% - 9.85%	3.25% - 9.85%
	Mortality Table	Based on RP-	Based on RP-	Based on RP-	Based on RP-	Based on RP-	Based on RP-	Based on RP-
		2006 weighted	2006 weighted	2006 weighted	2014 weighted	2014 weighted	2000 Combined	2000 Combined
		generational	generational	generational	generational	generational	healthy	healthy
		mortality tables for	mortality tables for	mortality tables for	mortality tables	mortality tables	mortality table,	mortality table,
		healthy annuitant	healthy annuitant	healthy annuitant	for healthy	for healthy	projected to	projected to
		disability, or	disability, or	disability, or	annuitant,	annuitant,	2020 using	2020 using
		employee death	employee death	employee death	disability, or	disability, or	Projection	Projection
		in service, as	in service, as	in service, as	employee death	employee death	Scale BB, set	Scale BB, set
		applicable. The	applicable. The	applicable. The	in service, as	in service, as	forward 2 years	forward 2 years
		tables applied	tables applied	tables applied	applicable. The	applicable. The	for males and	for males and
		credibility	credibility	credibility	tables applied	tables applied	1 year for	1 year for
		adjustments of	adjustments of	adjustments of	credibility	credibility	females	females
		135% for males	135% for males	135% for males	adjustments of	adjustments of		
		and 125% for	and 125% for	and 125% for	135% for	135% for		
		females and were	females and were	females and were	males and 125%	males and 125%		
		adjusted for fully	adjusted for fully	adjusted for fully	for females and	for females and		
		generational	generational	generational	were adjusted for	were adjusted for		
		mortality	mortality	mortality	fully generational	fully generational		
		improvements	improvements	improvements	mortality	mortality		
		using scale	using scale	using scale	improvements	improvements		
		MP-2017	MP-2017	MP-2017	using scale	using scale		
					MP-2017.	MP-2017.		

June 30, 2015 7.50% 7.50% 3.80% 25 Years 3.25% wage

3.25% wage 2.50% price

3.25% - 9.85%

Based on RP-2000 Combined healthy mortality table, projected to 2020 using Projection Scale BB, set forward 2 years for males and 1 year for females June 30, 2014 7.75%

7.75% 4.29%

23 years

3.75% wage 2.75% price

3.75% - 10.35%

Based on RP-2000 Combined healthy mortality table, projected to 2020 using Projection Scale BB, set forward 2 years for males and 1 year for females

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COST-SHARING EMPLOYER PLANS

\$

\$

\$

27,495 \$

2,218

10,532

(40,245)

117,001 \$

23.50%

- \$

ARKANSAS LOCAL POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Police

payroll

Volunteer Police

required contribution

Contribution deficiency (excess)

City's covered-employee payroll

Contributions in relation to the contractually

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee

Volunteer Fire

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability								
Police	0.03019%	0.03176%	0.03272%	0.02821%	0.03804%	0.03874%	0.04143%	0.04120%
Volunteer Police	0.04139%	0.05102%	0.06536%	0.05527%	0.06713%	0.08212%	0.06917%	0.06986%
Volunteer Fire	0.19655%	0.17174%	0.17347%	0.18767%	0.18963%	0.19136%	0.22949%	0.23632%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability								
Police \$	152,550 \$	218,375 \$	252,865 \$	254,585 \$	270,341 \$	221,037 \$	217,395 \$	149,156
Volunteer Police	10,911	18,155	27,451	27,956	28,636	30,411	25,436	22,317
Volunteer Fire	51,810	61,110	72,857	94,928	80,894	70,869	84,387	75,497
City's covered-employee payroll \$	117,001 \$	119,551 \$	116,206 \$	93,741 \$	118,326 \$	116,348 \$	119,595 \$	126,845
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	130.38%	182.66%	217.60%	271.58%	228.47%	189.98%	181.78%	117.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84.67%	77.68%	73.03%	65.84%	71.17%	72.46%	72.41%	79.06%
Schedule of Required Contributions								
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Contractually required contribution		_						

27,308 \$

3,481

9,239

(40,028)

116,206 \$

23.50%

- \$

28,094 \$

2,773

9,334

(40,201)

119,551 \$

23.50%

- \$

22,029 \$

2,737

9,294

(34,060)

93,741 \$

23.50%

- \$

27,215 \$

3,231

9,127

(39, 573)

118,326 \$

23.00%

- \$

See independent auditor's report.

- \$

25,725 \$

3,222

10,691

(39,638)

119,595 \$

21.51%

25,597 \$

3,793

8,839

(38,229)

116,348 \$

22.00%

- \$

25,450

3,241

10,965

(39,656)

126,845

20.06%

-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COST-SHARING EMPLOYER PLANS

ARKANSAS LOCAL POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Notes to Required Supplemental Information for Cost-Sharing Employer Plans

1. The schedules are intended to show 10 years - additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

2. Changes in benefits: None

3. Changes in actuarial assumptions:	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Single Discount Rate	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.75%	7.75%	8.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.75%	7.75%	8.00%	7.75%	8.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.75%	7.75%	8.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	1.84%	2.00%	2.75%	3.71%	3.31%	3.78%	3.57%	3.56%
Remaining Amortization Method Paid Service Unpaid Service	16.0 years 17.0 years	16.0 years 17.0 years	17.0 years 16.0 years	16.8 years 18.5 years	17 years 16 years	16.8 years 18.5 years	18.8 years 21.2 years	17.3 years 9 years
Price Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	2.75%	3.00%
Wage Inflation - Paid Service	3.25%	3.25%	3.25%	3.75%	3.75%	4.00%	3.75%	4.00%
Salary Increases - Paid Service (including inflation)	3.75% to 18.25%	3.75% to 18.25%	3.75% to 18.25%	4.25% to 18.75%	4.25% to 18.75%	4.50% to 19.00%	4.25% to 18.75%	4.50% to 19.00%
Mortality Table	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND PENSION FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		December 31, 2021	December 3 ⁻ 2020	1,	December 31, 2019	Decemb 201		De	cember 31, 2017	mber 31, 2016	D	ecember 31, 2015	Decem 20	
Total Pension Liability											_			
Service cost	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	5	- 3	\$	- \$	-	\$	- \$		-
Interest cost		6,066	6,207	7	6,346	6	,490		7,042	7,174		7,394		7,530
Benefit changes due to plan amendments		-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		12,245	3,847	7	3,687	3	,322		3,236	3,229		2,843		2,546
Changes of assumptions		134	-		-		-		3,474	-		1,918		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee														
contributions		(12,091)	(12,04	5)	(12,000)	(11	,754)		(12,048)	(12,144)		(11,880)	(1	1,682)
Net change in total pension liability		6,354	(1,99 ⁻	1)	(1,967)	(1	,942)		1,704	(1,741)		275	((1,606)
Total pension liability - beginning		92,698	94,689	9	96,656	98	,598		96,894	98,635		98,360	9	99,966
Total pension liability - ending	\$	99,052 \$	§ 92,698	3\$	94,689 \$	6 96	i,656 S	\$	98,598 \$	96,894	\$	98,635 \$	9	98,360
Plan Net Fiduciary Position														
Contributions - employer *	\$	9,997 \$	9,04	5\$	7,906 \$	6 7	,320 \$	\$	7,130 \$	5,706	\$	7,489 \$		6,731
Contributions - employee	•	-	-		-		-		-	<i>.</i>	•	-		-
Net investment income		9,839	7,174	1	9,204	(1	,576)		7,384	3,281		112		4,473
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						· ·	,							
contributions		(12,091)	(12,04	5)	(12,000)	(11	,754)		(12,048)	(12,144)		(11,880)	(1	1,682)
Administrative		(82)	(89		(81)	,	(105)		(95)	(720)		(590)		(106)
Net change in plan net fiduciary position		7,663	4,086	3	5,029	(6	5,115)		2,371	(3,877)		(4,869)		(584)
Plan net fiduciary position - beginning		60,552	56,466	3	51,437	57	,552		55,181	59,058		63,927	6	64,511
Plan net fiduciary position - ending	\$	68,215 \$	60,552	2\$	56,466 \$	5 51	,437 \$	\$	57,552 \$	55,181	\$	59,058 \$	6	63,927
Net pension liability - ending	\$	30,837 \$	\$ 32,146	3\$	38,223 \$	6 45	i,219 S	\$	41,046 \$	41,713	\$	39,577 \$	3	34,433
Plan net fiduciary position as percentage														
of total pension liability		68.87%	65.329	%	59.63%	53	.22%		58.37%	56.95%		59.88%	6	64.99%
Covered employee payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	\		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/	'A
Net pension liability position as percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	Ň		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/	'A

* Includes assets reported as Premium Tax money

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND PENSION FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	D	ecember 31, 2021	ecember 31, 2020	,	December 31, 2019	-	December 31, 2018		December 31, 2017	 December 31, 2016	_	December 31, 2015	De	cember 31, 2014
Contractually required contribution *	\$	9,997	\$ 9,046	\$	7,906	\$	7,320	\$	7,130	\$ 5,706	\$	7,489 \$	6	6,731
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(9,997)	(9,046)		(7,906)		(7,320)		(7,130)	(5,706)		(7,489)		(6,731)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	6	-
City's covered-employee payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A

* Includes contributions reported as Premium Tax money

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COST-SHARING EMPLOYER PLANS

FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND PENSION FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Notes to Required Supplemental Information for Cost-Sharing Employer Plans

1. The schedules are intended to show 10 years - additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

- 2. Changes in benefits: None
- 3. Changes in actuarial assumptions:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Single Discount Rate	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.75%	7.75%	8.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.75%	7.75%	8.00%	7.75%	8.00%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.75%	7.75%	8.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	1.84%	2.00%	2.75%	3.71%	3.31%	3.78%	3.57%	3.56%
Remaining Amortization Method	5 years	5 years	6 years	7 years	8 years	7 years	8 years	9 years
Price Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	2.75%	3.00%
Mortality Table	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016	RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, Disabled Retiree and Employee mortality tables for males and females. The tables applied credibility adjustments of 135% for males and 125% for females and were adjusted for fully generational mortality improvements using scale MP-2016	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2017 and set forward two years for men. Disability post-retirement mortality was assumed to be the same as standard post-retirement mortality set forward an additional ten years

ADDITIONAL REPORTS



Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lavaca, Arkansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 6, 2023, which was modified to reflect the omission of the management's discussion and analysis.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lavaca, Arkansas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Przybyzz & Associates

Przybysz & Associates, CPAs, P.C. Fort Smith, Arkansas March 6, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report On Compliance With Certain State Acts

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lavaca, Arkansas

We have examined management's assertions that the City of Lavaca, Arkansas, complied with the requirements of Arkansas Act 15 of 1985 and the following Arkansas statutes during the year ended December 31, 2022.

- 1. Arkansas Municipal Accounting Law, § 14-59-101 et. seq;
- 2. Arkansas District Courts and City Courts Accounting Law, §16-10-210 et. seq;
- 3. Improvement contracts, §§ 22-9-02 22-9-204;
- 4. Budgets, purchases, and payment of claims, etc. § 14-58-201 et seq. and 14-58-301 et seq.;
- 5. Investment of public funds, § 19-1-501 et seq.; and
- 6. Deposit of public funds, §§ 19-8-101 19-8-107

Management is responsible for the City's compliance with these requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Lavaca, Arkansas, complied in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

4200 Jenny Lind Road, Ste B Fort Smith, Arkansas 72901 Ph: 479.649.0888 email: marcl@selectlanding.com www.selectcpa.com This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, City Council, management, and the State of Arkansas and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pizybyoz & Associates

Przybysz & Associates, CPAs, P.C. Fort Smith, Arkansas March 6, 2023